

# LAB 4

## CIRCUIT TECHNOLOGY

student: Kanan Abdullayev

### 1. Harmonic Shapers

Diode-based harmonic shaper circuit is used to convert a triangular input wave into a sine wave. A triangular wave can be obtained by integrating a rectangular (square) multi-vibrator signal

### 2. Optimal Oscilloscope Settings (Question 3)

The goal was to visually find optimal setting for potentiometers R10 and R11 using an oscilloscope. The function generator was set up to output a triangular wave with a frequency of 1000 Hz and an amplitude of 3V. By monitoring the signal on the oscilloscope, the potentiometers were adjusted simultaneously to shape the sharp triangular wave into a smooth sine wave. The optimal setting for both R10 and R11 was found to be **80%**.

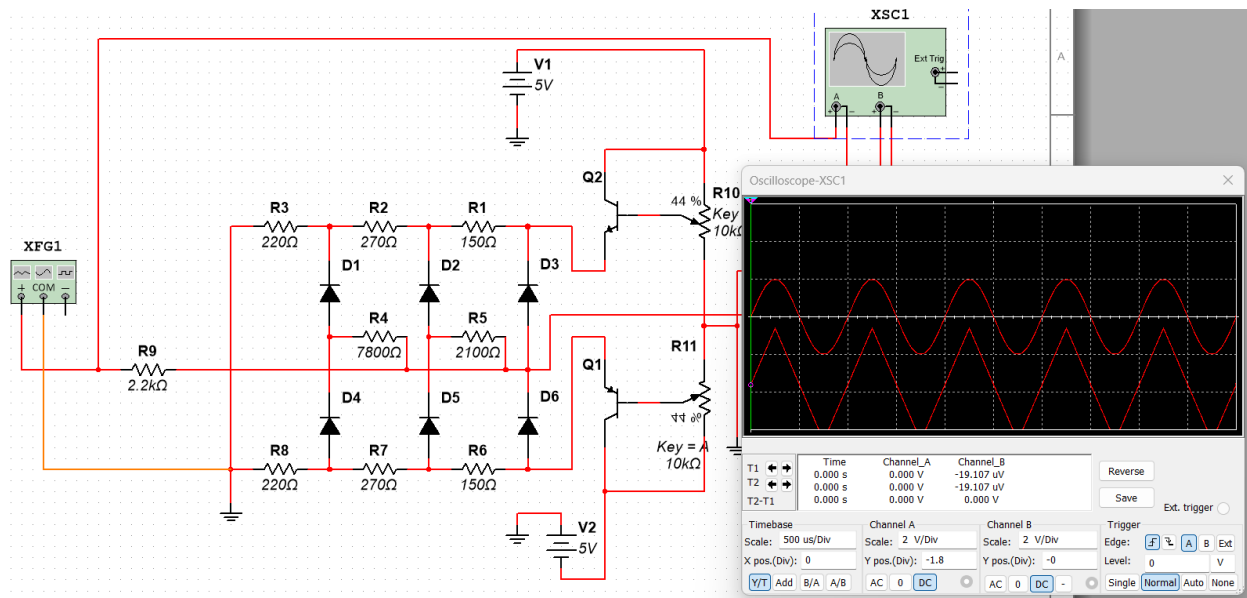


Figure 1. Schematic of the circuit, Oscilloscope, and Spectrum Analyzer

### 3. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) Analysis (Question 4)

The objective was to tune R10 and R11 to obtain the minimum amount of higher harmonic components using a spectrum analyzer, and calculate the THD up to a maximum of 15 kHz.

Frequency (kHz)	Amplitude (V)
<b>1 (primary f)</b>	<b>2.138</b>
2	0.000120468
3	0.000003331
4	0.000043112
5	0.006852
6	0.000028497
7	0.000171837
8	0.000020224
9	0.002704
10	0.000016592
11	0.000743588
12	0.000016045
13	0.0024
14	0.000009085
15	0.003315

**Table 1.** Measured Amplitude V for frequencies (2kHz – 15kHz) at optimal 80% setting

The THD was calculated using the formula:

$$THD = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{i=2}^{\infty} U_i^2}}{U_1}$$

$$\sum U_i^2 \approx 7.25 \times 10^{-5} V^2$$

$$\sqrt{7.25 \times 10^{-5}} \approx 0.00398 V$$

$$THD = \frac{0.00398}{2.138} = 0.004 = \mathbf{0.4\%}$$